

Issues of Education of the Perfect Generation in the Spirit of Respect for National and Universal Legal Values in the Legislation of Uzbekistan

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ABSTRACT: The article highlights the legal, ideological and educational significance of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the adopted laws in the upbringing of a harmonious generation, the role of universal legal values enshrined in the regulation of public relations.

KEYWORD: Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, laws, youth policy, national legal values, the younger generation, spiritual and moral maturity, education and enlightenment.

The younger generation is the future of the state. In the new Uzbekistan, which is building a democratic, legal and social state based on civil society, an urgent issue is the upbringing of the younger generation in the spirit of a perfect personality based on free, democratic, humane principles, educating them as an equal and active subject of society, as a person who not only knows his rights and freedoms well, but also and she is able to realize them and consciously fulfill her duties and duties.

President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M.Mirziyoyev expressed the following opinion: «...the day after tomorrow is the day of the planet, well-being depends on what kind of person our children will grow up to be. Our main task is to create the necessary conditions for young people to show their potential. To do this, it is necessary to develop multilateral cooperation in social support of the younger generation, protection of their rights and interests» [1].

40% of the population of our country are children under 18, 60% are young people under 30. Therefore, the priority of the state policy in the field of human rights and freedoms is to create favorable and the best conditions for the physical, intellectual and spiritual development of children and youth, as well as comprehensive support for large families, orphans and children deprived of a family environment [2].

In total, on the basis of more than 100 laws and legislative acts on the activities of children and youth in our country, a legal mechanism has been created to promote the spiritual, intellectual, physical and moral development of children and youth. The content of laws and other regulatory legal acts, as well as legal principles embody socio-legal values that fill the field in the form of rules that guide the behavior of young people to positive goals. The normative values enshrined in the law are easily absorbed into the consciousness of the younger generation and become the guiding rules that guide their behavior, manner of behavior.

The starting point of the state policy of each state in relation to children and youth is primarily aimed at raising the love of family members, parents and members of society for the child, and through this the formation of human feelings, mutual trust and respect between parent and child in the child.

President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M.Mirziyoyev noted at the Asian Forum on Human Rights: «A lot of work is being done to strengthen the spiritual and moral foundation of the Institution of family and society, all conditions are being created for the education of a perfect generation in the spirit of respect for national and universal values» [3].

In 2022-2030, a project «Strategy for non-institutionalization of the child care system» was developed in Uzbekistan. The main purpose of this is to reduce the dependence of the child-rearing system on the institution's upbringing, to ensure the rights of every child to live in a safe and caring family environment by taking care of children and their families on a public basis.

In turn, some authors, including I.G.Korol, emphasize that the above-mentioned issues in the system of children's rights fall into the category of rights that are not regulated by separate norms of law related to the norms of decency or the system of values [4].

Research work in this area is being carried out in the system of national law of Uzbekistan. D.R.Karimova noted on this issue: «When creating the organizational and legal foundations for the protection of the rights of the child, it is important not only to rely on the best achievements of international experience, but also by deeply studying local peculiarities, in particular, the history of the rights of the child, it becomes relevant to develop legal to base and strengthen the organizational foundations in accordance with the mentality that has been tested by experience over the centuries, expressing (representing) national characteristics, traditions» [5].

The legal, ideological and educational significance of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the laws adopted in the education of the perfect generation is immeasurable, and these legislative acts serve to elevate in the youth such human feelings as loyalty, courage and friendship-brotherhood. The basic laws guarantee the personal, political, economic and social rights and freedoms of the younger generation. They participate on an equal basis in the management of the affairs of society and the State.

The Constitution recognizes the highest achievements of legal and political thought, the rich history, culture and national traditions of the Uzbek people. Thanks to the Constitution, new democratic values are absorbed into our consciousness. It is a great pleasure and a great value that, based on the criteria of justice, a well-deserved comfortable life, human rights and freedoms are guaranteed, the restoration of our national legal values and culture, the issues of ensuring spiritual and moral maturity of a person are legally reflected.

The Family Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan has strengthened many national legal values. This document reflects the family, which is considered the main link in society, and the legal norms associated with it. In particular, the Code states: «Parents have the right to raise their children. Parents are responsible for the upbringing and growing up of their children. They are obliged to take care of the health, physical, mental, spiritual and moral maturity of their children» [6]. Another important national aspect characteristic of our people is the prohibition by law of marriages between blood relatives.

One of the directions noted in the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan «On guarantees of the rights of the child» are tasks in the field of education of children and ensuring their rights to information, namely, the education of patriotic, civil, tolerant and peaceful feelings in children, familiarization of the child with historical and national traditions, spiritual values of the Uzbek people and achievements of world culture, formation of a child's legal consciousness and legal culture [7].

As the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev noted, «we have adopted a new version of the law «On State Youth Policy» in order to raise our work to a new level in order to educate the younger generation in a healthy and harmonious way. On this basis, new approaches are being actively introduced into life» [8]. After all, this law is aimed at improving the regulatory framework for the protection of youth, increasing the responsibility of bodies, institutions, parental care and guardianship for the younger generation, which carry out the prevention of uncontrollability and offenses among minors.

The law «On State Youth Policy» in the Republic of Uzbekistan specifies the purpose of youth policy, the competence of the Republic of Uzbekistan in the field of state youth policy, what should be the essence of laws on state youth policy, the principle of priority of norms of international treaties of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan «On Education» states that preschool education and upbringing are aimed at educating and educating children, their intellectual, spiritual, moral, ethical, aesthetic and physical development, as well as preparing children for general secondary education [9].

At the moment, when the process of globalization is in full swing, legislative protection of the information security of the younger generation is important for the maturation of young people who are devoted to the Motherland, selfless, with deep knowledge. After all, the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev, standing on the High Rostrum of the UN, said that «the youth of today's world is the most numerous generation in the history of mankind in terms of numbers, since they account for 2 billion people. Tomorrow, the well-being of the planet depends on how our children grow up as people. Our main task is to create the necessary conditions for young people to show their potential, to prevent the spread of the «virus» of the idea of violence», he emphasizes [10].

Of great political, collective, spiritual and educational importance was the adoption in Uzbekistan of the law «On the protection of children from information harmful to their health» [11]. According to this law, information provided by Uzbek mass media, cinema and theater, literature, the Internet and generally all sources of information must be examined and classified according to the age of children who can get acquainted with it. The main purpose of the new law is to regulate relations in the field of protecting children from information harmful to their health.

In the Republic of Uzbekistan, serious attention is paid to the health of citizens, in particular children. In this regard, a special law «On the protection of citizens' health» was adopted. This Law also defines the rights and interests of minors. The State ensures the rights of minors to health protection by creating the most favorable conditions for their physical and spiritual development, disease prevention, as well as by organizing medical care in preschool institutions, schools and other institutions. In accordance with this law, minors with disabilities in physical or mental development may reside in institutions of the social protection system at the expense of budgetary funds, funds of charitable foundations and other funds, as well as funds of parents or persons replacing them, at the request of their parents or persons replacing them [12]. This law embodies norms and ideas that represent social and legal values that serve the health of the younger generation and the interests of marriage.

At a time when the social role of the state is growing, it is important to separately recognize that the tasks and functions of civil society are interconnected with the state in order to take care of socially vulnerable segments of society. Undoubtedly, the cooperation of state bodies and non-governmental organizations in the effective regulation of existing social relations in society, in particular, public relations in the field of children's rights, further strengthening and improvement of its organizational and legal foundations is important in the idea in modern conditions of globalization.

The goal pursued by the formation of non-governmental organizations also shows how important these organizations are today, that is, a non-profit organization is formed to protect the rights and legitimate interests of individuals and legal entities, other democratic values, achieve social, cultural and educational goals, meet spiritual and other non-material needs, carry out charitable activities and for other socially useful purposes [13].

It should be noted that we see that the role of non-governmental organizations in protecting the rights and legitimate interests of children and youth in our country is growing in ensuring the current implementation of these regulatory legal acts. Today, the role of non-governmental organizations, such as the international non-governmental Charitable Foundation «For a Healthy Generation», the Republican Public Children's Fund «You are not alone», «Neighborhood», «Public Opinion», the Agency for Youth Affairs, the International Public Fund «Zamin» in the realization of children's rights, their comprehensive support should be separately noted.

In particular, the Agency for Youth Affairs carries out its activities in accordance with the regulations on the Agency for Youth Affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan. Within its competence, the agency conducts large-scale organizational measures to protect young people from various information attacks, radical ideas and ideologies, unite the younger generation for the good of the Motherland, educate in the spirit of respect for the history and national values of our country, form a sense of humanity, spiritually and physically harmonious upbringing of the younger generation, introducing it to a healthy lifestyle [14].

The strategic goal of the International Public Fund «Zamin» is to contribute to the sustainable development of the country and improve the standard of living of the population. Today, the Foundation implements ongoing projects to develop the education of children with hearing impairments. In this regard, the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the «Zamin» International Public Foundation, Ziroat Mirziyoyeva, emphasizes that «One of the main goals and objectives of the «Zamin» International Public Foundation is the integration of disabled children into all spheres of society, creating conditions for them to be equal with everyone and find their place. The search for an individual approach to children with disabilities in educational processes, ignoring any children guarantees that they will enjoy their right to a full and high-quality education» [15]. This type of legal values ensures social unity in society, contributing to solving problems on the way to improving the living conditions of disabled children, and also serves their material and economic interests.

In recent years, attention has increased even more to the issues of social and legal protection of minors, prevention of uncontrolled and neglect, enforcement of laws on education and upbringing. In this case, an important role is played by the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan «On the prevention of uncontrollability and offenses among minors» [16].

Juvenile delinquency has significantly decreased as a result of the fact that special attention is paid to identifying dysfunctional families and difficult children at their place of residence, organizing educational work between them, meaningful distribution of children's free time and employment. The statistics studied during the study also confirm this, that is, in 2018, a total of 923 crimes were committed by minors throughout the republic, in 2019 this figure was 739, and the crime rate decreased by 19.9%. However, in the 8 months of 2020, we see that the rates of crimes committed by minors increased by 41.8% compared to crimes committed in the 8 months of 2019 [17].

Systematic study of the works, speeches, decrees and resolutions of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan in the process of combating moral threats among minors, in the formation of their patriotic feelings, plays a theoretical, practical role in the process of education, playing the role of an important methodological basis, scientific source studies.

Of particular importance today is the formation of legal immunity among the younger generation to factors that negatively affect their legal education, respect for the laws and rules of etiquette in every person, loyalty to national values, instilling a sense of intolerance to offenses. All of US, employees and specialists responsible for legal education and promotion of educational institutions, should feel that our reforms are effective on the basis of their full and creative implementation of their tasks.

Proceeding from the above, in conclusion, we can say that the study of the legal, ideological and educational significance of the legislation of Uzbekistan in the education of the perfect generation has scientific, theoretical and practical significance at the present time. The theoretical scientific aspect is to study the legal foundations and principles that develop «legal education», «legal values», and the practical aspect is to introduce national and universal legal values into the processes of family, children and youth, their upbringing, upbringing of the younger generation in the spirit of respect for national values. Possession of legal knowledge about national and universal legal values encourages the younger generation to feel more deeply the sovereignty, freedom, power of our state, to be proud of it.

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